CLAIMS, YESTERDAY, \$41,000

CORPORATION COUNSEL SENDS THEM BACK TO COMPTROLLER.

Mr. Coler Writes to Know What For and Renews His Attack on Mr. Whalen's Power to Confess Judgment - Whalen Wants to Know Wby Coler Doesn't Pay. Comptroller Coler was notified yesterday of

another batch of claims under the prevailing-

rate-of-wages rule, amounting to \$41,534,71

James Brady, a stone mason, alleges that \$11,-808,17 is due to him. The total of the claims filed since Jan. 1, 1809, is now \$2,761,350,61 and there is no sign of abatement of the flood. For the past two or three days Corporation Counsel Whalen, upon receiving the claims from the Finance Department, has sent them all back to Mr. Coler. Mr. Coler made up his Whalen wanted and wrote a letter to him on

the subject, in which he said: 'About sixteen years ago the Comptroller received an urgent request from the Law Department that all disputed claims against the city filed in the Finance Department should be forwarded at once upon receipt to the Law Dein possession of all the facts in each case, and

ests of the city. This practice has been followed without an exception up to the present time. Please note also that the form of the Comptroller's letters forwarding the claims the Corporation Counsel. I assume that the reasons for this request were: "I. That there being no fund out of which such fund, the action of the Corporation Counsel would

tion by the Department of Finance might consume practically all the time the city would have prior being put in default after the service of a summons and complaint; and ment of Finance might not be such as the Law Department might require to elicit the pertinent and necessary facts after a review of the principles

beganning the cases in which we set the stream of the processor of the affective of the stream of the cases which we will be a stream of the cases which we will be a stream of the cases which we will be a stream of the cases which we will be a stream of the cases which we will endeavor to case the case of the cases which we will endeavor to case the case of th

Mr. Whalen said yesterday that Mr. Coler had a habit of dumping claims into the Law Department without sending any information in regard to them along, and without giving any reason why they should be contested. Mr. Whalen said:

Whalen said:

"He must have some reason for not paying them. I want to know that reason. I am entitled to know. Every head of department except the Comptroller sends all the papers and information in his possession to this department when its advice is wanted. The Comptroller takes the high position that it is enough for him to know; that we should find out what we want ourselves. His communications read invariably this way: 'Please detail one of your assistants to examine the within named claimant. What the Comptroller is aiming at I have been unable to determine. He has charged vaguely that there is a nigger in the woodcile somewhere; he has permitted to be made without contradicting them newspaper statements that there is a raid on the treasury. His statements, in the main, have been misleading."

Mr. Whalen also gave out for publication a statement in which he included a letter from Deputy Comptroller Daly stating the wages paid by various contractors in several trades from 1804 to 1808. The correspondence we He must have some reason for not paying

Deputy Comptroller Daly stating the wages paid by various contractors in several trades from 1804 to 1898. The correspondence was dated in 1898. Of it Mr. Whalen said:

"His information showed how carelessly the work was done, because, in many instances, his report presented considerable increase over what was the prevailing rate and what was allowed by the Corporation Counsel."

Mr. Whalen said also that the "prevailing rate of wages" was fixed by the Law Department in accordance with a letter received on Cet. 14, 1898, from the Comptroller, a portion of which read as follows:

Sign in accordance with the communication dated

Capt. Willard W. Hotebkin, Dr. William H. Mitchell and Lieut. Henry L. Allen of the Bayonne Kite Corps will conduct at Bergen Point this afternoon a number of experiments with homing pigeons. It is their purpose to send by kites to an altitude of at least five hundred feet a trap of wire netting containing two or more cerrier pigeons and to release the birds aloft. It has been said that when pigeons are released in midair they will not take immediate flight, but will flutter toward the earth and then soar again to observe landmarks. Some people hold that the birds would sight familiar objects while being carried up in a familiar objects while being carried up in a cage and would immediately take flight for home when released. The actions of the birds to-morrow will be observed closely.

Inter Ocean News Bureau Makes Demands

on the Associated Press. CHICAGO, Feb. 21 .- As an outcome of the recent decision of the Illinois Supreme Court, declaring the "boycott" by laws of the Associated Press illegal, the Inter Ocean News Bureau to-day served a notice on the Associated Press demanding that the resolution passed against it be withdrawn at once and that a notice of such withdrawal be sent to all clients of the Associated Press and to the Inter Ocean News

The fifth annual subscription ball of the Fourth Regiment, N. G. N. J., took place last night at the armory in Jersey City. The armory was crowded. Col. Robert G. Smith, as chairman of the reception committee, received the guests. The patronesses occupied a marquee in the middle of the floor. Gov. Voorhees arrived about 10:30 o'clock, accompanied by Gen. Joseph Congdon and Col. A. Jackson Clark. The function was a success. EULOGY OF HOBART.

Address of Attorney-General Griggs Be fore the New Jersey Legislature.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 21. - Services were held n the Assembly Chamber at the State House his afternoon in memory of Garret A. Hobart, late Vice-President of the United States. The members of the Legislature, State officials, judges of the higher courts and many other prominent Jerseymen were present. William M. Johnson, President of the Senate, presided the Roy. Dr. David Magie, pastor of the Church of the Redeemer in Paterson, offered prayer and Attorney-General Griggs delived a eulogy. The chamber was decorated with palms, smilax, lilles and roses. Hundreds of women were in the galleries and other places reserved for

Attorney-General Griggs spoke for nearly an hour. He sketched every phase of Mr. Hobart's mind yesterday to find out just what Mr. | character and career and spoke of him as the most illustrious of all the Vice-Presidents of

the United States since John Adams. "When he assumed the chair of the United States Senate on March 4, 1897," said Mr. Griggs, 'many were surprised at the quick apprehension Mr. Hobart displayed in dealing with the rules of that body, and partment for examination, in order that the the case, the grace, the tact, the judicial department might not be delayed in being put ability and the uncommon parliamentary capacity with which he directed its deliberaso be prepared to protect and defend the inter- tions, but those who knew Mr. Hobart, those who had seen him here in the Speaker's chair at 30 and the desk of the President of the Senate at 34, were not surprised. For all time it will be his fame to have first was submitted to, corrected and approved by raised the office of Vice-President to that dignity and importance in our national system which it was intended by the fathers to possess. Instead of being a mere alternate with claims could be paid, except from the judgment | no function and no influence except as the mechanical mouthpiece of the Senate's action be required in any event, and that a prior examina and the living suggestion of possible calamity to the chief executive, Mr. Hobart gave to the office a power and influence of its own which was a revelation and a pleasant surprise to the ountry. And to the President himself he became a beloved friend, an adviser and helper in the administration of the Government of incalculable value, connecting in a most unique way the executive with the councils of the legislative branch of the diovernment to the mutual profit and the better understanding of both." of law governing the cases, in which event the

into the river. The only man aboard jumped ashore.

Capt. Delargy was on hand a few minutes after the explosion and had the lighter towed off before the arrival of Boiler Inspector Powers. It was found that the force of the explosion had driven an 800-pound piece of the boiler into the back yard of the house at 250%. Furman street, wrecking the fence and burying itself in the ground. Another piece, six feet long, was driven through the wail of the frame building at 8 Reinsen street, nearly 800 feet away, occupied by Mrs. Sakford as a boarding house. The pieces of iron were found in the wall of the third story and daylight entered through the gaps they had made. The plastering and woodwork of the room were broken and splintered. The damage to the house was estimated at \$800. No one was hurt. From the wreckage on the dock Inspector Powers said that the boiler was of tubular construction, vertucal and stood about 5 feet 6 inches high. He had no doubt, he said, that the explosion was caused by allowing the water to become too low.

HUNT FOR A GERMAN FORGER.

Aschner Arrested Here at Last Under the Name of Karl Frank.

Noa Aschner was arrested at 402 East Twenty-first street vesterday by United States Deputy Marshal Bernhard and held by United States Commissioner Alexander for extradition. The warrant was sworn out by the German Consul-General, charging Aschner with having forged notes to the amount of many

oct. 14, 1898, from the Computation, a portion of which read as follows:

Sir: Inaccordance with the communication dated Aug. 17, 1808, directed to you, I desire to cail vour attention to the following, which is a copy of the reply received from the Central Labor Union, under date of Oct. 10, 1898, in response 10 our request for the prevailing rate of wages of the trades mentioned: Blacksmiths, from May 10, 1894, to June 30, 1898 (eight nours), \$3.50. Harnessmakers, from May, 10, 1894, to June 30, 1898 (eight nours), \$3.50. Wheelwrights, from Oct. 1, 1896, to June 30, 1898. Riggers, from Feb. 29, 1896, to June 3, 1898. Riggers, from Feb. 29, 1896, to June 3, 1898. Riggers, from Feb. 29, 1896, to June 1, 1898 (eight hours). Themiths, from Oct. 1, 1895, to June 1, 1898 (eight hours). Themiths, from Oct. 2, 1895, to June 3, 1894, to June 1, 1898 (eight hours). Themiths, from Oct. 2, 1895, to June 1, 1894, to June 1, 1898 (eight hours). Themiths, from Oct. 2, 1895, to June 1, 1894, to June 1, 1898 (eight hours). The Central Park South. He darrier was instructed to take the letter to the German Club, at 112 Central Park South. He did so and 112 Central Park S

WONT CLEAR THEIR OWN TRACKS. Trolley Men Summoned to Court for Fail-

ing to Remove Snow in Hoboken. Street Commissioner Bernard Bayer of Hoboken swore out a complaint before Recorder Stanton yesterday, against the White Line Traction Company and the North Hudson County Railway Company for failing to remove the snow from their tracks. Commissioner Bayer said that he notified President David Young of the White Line company twenty-four Young of the White Line company twenty-four nours after the snowstorm to comply with the provisions of the city ordinance, and President Young informed him that the company did not recognize the ordinance. The summons was made returnable to-morrow morning. Last year when the trolley companies sent sweepers over their lines the snow piled up on the sidewalks of narrow streets and the re-idents threw it back on the tracks. The Recorder sustained the residents.

Reds to Celebrate August Bebel's Birthday. The New York socialists are going to celebrate the birthday of August Bebel, leader of the German Socialists, by a meeting and vaudeville entertainment this afternoon and evening in Grand Central Palace. The vaudeville entertainment will begin at 4 o'clock and will include a concert by the United Workingmen's Singing societies, with a chorus of 600 voices. An oration will be delivered by Job Harriman of California, who has been a candidate on the socialistic ticket for various national offices. ville entertainment this afternoon and evening

and Stops the Cough
and works off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in
day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 250.—46a.

ROUTINE WORK IN ALBANY.

BRENNAN'S STATE BARBERS BILL KILLED IN THE ASSEMBLY.

The Bill for a Park in the Thirty-first Ward of Brooklyn Passed, 107 to 13-Proposed Amendment to the Franchise Tax Law

Supt. McCullagh's Bills Introduced. ALBANY, Feb. 21.-The work of the Legislature to-day was largely of a routine nature and was confined generally to the calendars in each house.

The Brennan bill, providing for the appointment by the Governor of a State Barbers' Examining Board, also requiring the examination and licensing of barbers and the inspection of the sanitary condition of their shops, was killed in the Assembly to-day when it came up on the order of second reading. It was opposed by Messrs. Gaie, J. F. Delaney and

tional acres of land of the cleaning range.

Mr. Brennan to-day introduced a bill abolishing the offices of Commissioner of Jurors and Special Commissioners of Jurors in Kings county and codifying the law to provide that the Appellate Division shall appoint a trial commissioner of jurors and special commissioners and designate the duties of the officials. The bill also provides for clerical forces in each office. in each office.

The Senate passed these bilis.

The Senator McCarren's, providing that the New York Senator McCarren's, providing that the New York ity Department of Finance shall have sole control of the Wallabout Market lands in Brooklyn, the lomptroller being empowered to act fully regarding the market leaves.

Senator Armstrong's, providing that at ward senator Armstrong's, providing that at ward to the senator armstrong's providing that at ward senator armstrong's providing that at ward senator armstrong in the senator than senator the senator armstrong these shall be saled for the primaries ward committees shall be selected for the purpose of filing vacancies in ward nominations.

Senator Norton's, providing for the payment of the claims of Thomas Penders and Michael Coughin against Long Island City for work done before consolidation.

against Long Island City for work done before consolidation.
Senator Ambler's, providing that where the State
Agricultural Commissioner quarantines any territory to prevent the spread of rables, any dog found
loses therein may be killed.
Senator Thornton's, providing that a woman over
if years of age, convicted of a felony, even though
the sentence is for less than a year, may be sent to
the State Prison for Women at Auburn. A woman
between the ages of 15 and 30 so convicted, who
had not previously been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment in a State prison, may be
sentenced to a house of refuge or reformatory for
women.

sentenced to a noise of rerige or Fromatory for women.

Senator Higgins's, providing that a County Treas-inger shall not be entitled to fees in connection with the handling of school moneys.

Senator Krum's, permitting the State Canal Board to terminate all contracts/made under the General canal improvement law, to pay moneys due there-under for work done and to return moneys de-posited by contractors. These bills were passed in the Assembly:

These bills were passed in the Assembly:

Mr. Wissel's, authorizing the construction of sowers in all the boroughs of New York city, providing the properties benefited pay the assessment.

Mr. Save's, changing the name of the New York Ladies' Home Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church to the Five Point Mission, Old Brewery, New York.

Mr. Green's, allowing infant plaintiffs to sue without rendering their guardian ad litem liable for costs and without requiring such infants to give security for costs.

costs and without requiring such infants to give security for costs.

Mr. Minton introduced a bill authorizing the laying out of an additional recreation park in the Twelfth ward of New York city. The boundaries are to be 152nd street, Amsterdam avenue and Kimpsbridge road.

By Mr. Post, prohibiting the taking of pheasants in Suffolk county before 1903.

The Assembly Taxation Committee will favorably report to-morrow Assemblyman T. P. Suilivan's bill imposing a tax on all cemetry associations and corporations, Cemetry associations are now exempted from taxation.

Mr. Charles A. Collin, representing the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Committee to-day in opposition to Senator Coffey's bill providing for a five-cent fare and transfers upon all lines operated in Brooklyn by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Committee. Afterward in executive session the committee decided to report the bill favorably, with the understanding that if a further hearing is requested the bill will be recommitted.

Mr. Collin also appeared before the Assembly recommitted.
Mr. Collin also appeared before the Assembly
Railroads Committee against Assemblyman
Farrel's bill, which is somewhat similar to
Senator Coffey's. No action was taken.

Angel Dennett Again Is Violent. CONCORD, N. H., Feb. 21.-Word was received by the police authorities here this morning that Arthur F. Dennett, better known as "Angel" Dennett, was again unbalanced mentally and causing trouble at Hotel Wheeleck in Hanover, N. H. Dennett was roaming about the hotel partly dressed, and being a powerful man proved a hard subject to control. He will be brought to this city.

A Kansas Republican Tackles Bryan. John R. Burton made an address last night at the Union League Club in Brooklyn on Bryanism From the Standpoint of a Kansas Republican." It occupied nearly two hours in delivery, but, from start to finish, the speaker had the attention of his auditors, who showed their hearty accord with his views by frequent applause.

STATE CHARITIES AID APPROVES. tate Board Should Visit and Inspect Gerry Society and Branches of It.

All the charitable organizations in New York with the single exception of Elbridge T. Gerry's Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, are in favor of the bills on which the Senate and Assembly Judiciary Committees gave a hearing at Albany yesterday, making ocieties for the prevention of cruelty to children, and private charitable institutions not receiving public moneys, subject, like others, to the visitation of the State Board of Chariies, and giving the State board the power of approval of the incorporation of new societies for the prevention of cruelty to children, which now rests in Mr. Gerry's society.

The State Charities Aid Association took formal action on the matter on Tuesday and formulated their views favoring the bills in a letter which was presented to the chairmen o

was killed in the Assembly to-day when it came up on the order of second resulting. It was opposed by Messrs. Gaie, J. F. Delaney and Dillon. Mr. Gale moved to strike out the enacting clause, which motion was carried 70 to 42.

Mr. DeGraw's bill, providing that the Comptroler of New York city shall appoint a commission to lay out a park in the Thirty-frax ward in the borough of Brooklyn, was passed by a vote of 10 7 to 13.

Mr. Burnett's bill, amending the poor law in relation to paupers migrating from one county to another, by providing that the Superintendent of Foor in the county in which such paupers locate must take care of them, was opposed by Mr. Kelsey as being the bill that was vefood by Mr. Kelsey as being the bill that was vefood by the Governor last year. It was passed, however, by a vote of 78 to 10.

The Senate to-day passed by a party vote of 28 to 17, with the exception of Senator Coffey of Brooklyn voting with the Republicans, Senator Ekberg's bill, providing that the State in spectro of Gas Meters instead of the New York city Commissioner of Buildings. Lichting and Supplies shall have supervision of the inspection of the control of the forest of the whole to-day the Senator Drow, whigh empowered the Legislature from time to time to confer upon such State officials. By a vote of 128 to 8, telled Senator Browsh and senator from the should not delegate its powers to State officials. By a vote of 128 to 18, with the exception of Senator Browsh and senator from the should not delegate its powers to State officials. By a striet party vote of 28 to 18, with the exception of Senator Raines would be subject to visitation and inspection with the county of the forest of the whole to-day the Senator Browsh and the string of the whole to-day the Senator Browsh and the string of the whole to-day the Senator Browsh and the string of the whole to-day the Senator Browsh and the string of the whole to-day the Senator Browsh and the string of the whole to-day the Senator Browsh and the string of the whole to-day spection, while to others it suggests a power of regulation or control. We therefore recommend that both bills be amended by the elimination of the words 'supervision' and 'general supervision' wherever they occur, and by adding a new sentence to each bill defining the meaning of the right of 'visitation.'"

The letter is signed for the Board of Managers of the State Charities Aid Association by George F. Canfield, President; Gertrude S. Rice, Charles S. Fairchild, Carl Schurz, Louisa Lee Schuvler, John A. McKim, C. Elizabeth Oothout, George G. Wheelock, Helen G. Butler, Charles Hitchcock, Caroline McP. Bergen and Homer Folks, Secretary.

GERRY SOCIETY LEGISLATION.

Hearing on the Bills Giving the State Board of Charities the Right to Inspect.

Judiciary Committees of the Senate and Assembly to-day upon the two bills introduced State Board of Charitles to visit and inspect charitable institutions whether or not they reinspect Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry's Soeiety for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. members of these committees do not agree with the decision of the Court of Appeals that such institutions are not properly subject to Charities believes them to be.

The hearing to-day upon these measures was Benjamin F. Tracy and John M. Bowers, representing the State Board of Charities, and President William Rhinelander Stewart and other members of the board. President district.

Senator Elsberg introduced a bill carrying out another recommendation of Mr. McCullagh, which provides that the Attorney-General shall assign one or more deputies to act as counsel to Mr. McCullagh in prosecuting violations of the Election law.

Two bils were introduced in the Assembly to-day by Mr. Wheeler, one of which authorizes an additional appropriation of \$5,000 to complete the equestrian statue of Major-Gen. Henry Warner Slocum on the battlefleld of Gettyshurg and the other appropriates \$11,000 to the representatives of charitable organications to be present at to-day's hear-field typical and the other appropriates \$11,000 to the members of the board. President George C. Canfield and Secretary Homer Folks of the State Charities Aid Association also appeared in favor of the bills. The opposition to the measures was headed by Commodore Gerry. Last week Mr. Gerry sent broadcast throughout the State a circular calling upon the representatives of charitable organications to be present at to-day's hear-field the state of the board. President George C. Canfield and Secretary Homer Folks of the State Charities Aid Association also appeared in favor of the bills. The opposition to the measures was headed by Commodore throughout the State a circular calling upon the representatives of charitable organically and the other appropriates \$1,000 to the members of the board. President George C. Canfield and Secretary Homer Folks of the State Charities Aid Association also appeared in favor of the bills. The opposition to the measures was headed by Commodore throughout the State a circular calling upon the representative of charitable organically and the control of the control of the state Charities Aid Association also appeared in favor of the bills. The opposition to the measures was headed by Commodore the control of the state Charities Aid Association also appeared in favor of the bills. The opposition to the measures was headed by Commodore the measures was headed by Commodore the control of the control Henry Warner Slocum on the battlefield of Gettysburg and the other appropriates \$11,000 for the erection of a statue to be known as "Reconcillation" at Lookout Mountain, under the supervision of the commissioners of the battlefields of Gettysburg and Chattanooga.

A bill somewhat novel of its kind was introduced in the Assembly to-day by Mr. Martin. It provides that in the case of a farm laborer securing judgment against an employer for wages he shall have a lien against the farm products and crops to satisfy the judgment.

Assemblyman Henry has introduced a bill appropriating \$20,000 to purchase forty additional acres of land for the Creedmoor rifle range. bills. This was the Home for the Aged of Utica, a very small institution, whose representative did not comprehend the purpose of the measures. On the other hand, ex-Senator Henry H. Parsons of Buffalo, a director of the Queen City Society for the Prevention of Crucity to Children, who also received one of Mr. Gerry's circulars, appeared voluntarily in support of the measures. So that the result of Mr. Gerry's circular was to win support for the heard from an unexpected source.

PROPOSED CANAL IMPROVEMENT. The Attorney-General Holds That the Tax

Must Be Borne by the Entire State. ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 21.- The opinion rendered by Attorney-General Davies to Gov. Roosevelt and Assemblyman Hill, chairman of the Assembly Committee on Canals, holding that the Legislature has no power to apportion the tax for the payment of bonds to be issued for the proposed \$62,000,000 canal improvement upon only a portion of the counties and cities of the State, has been made public. In discussing the question, the Attorney-General

"It has been settled by a long line of authori-

ties in this State and in the United States courts that the Legislature has the power to apportion the public burdens in such manner as they may deem best, provided only that no arbitrary discriminations are made. In my judgment the plan involves a question which has not been the subject of judicial determination in this State. It has been held that the legislature power to tax is absolute and not subject to review by the court. Yet if the statement were made that the Legislature had the power to tax the wealthiest man in the State for the entire support of the State Government it would be an application of this principle if it had no limitations. If the Legislature may provide that the burden of this taxation shall be borne by towns of 10,000 or more inhabitants, the logical result is that it may provide that the entire burden shall be borne by cities and towns having not less than 1,000, cool inhabitants, which would result in imposing the entire tax upon the city of New York. The debt to be contracted is the debt of the State and not of a particular district. The liability for its payment presumptively rests upon the whole taxable property of the State.

The Attorney-General quotes the provision to incur a public debt, which provides that the payment of such obligation shall be by "a direct annual tax." and says: "It seems to me that giving to the words their ordinary meaning and construing them in the light of the context, they mean a direct annual tax upon all the taxable property of the State: that is, the apportion the public burdens in such manner that giving to the words their ordinary meaning and construing them in the light of the context, they mean a direct annual tax upon all the taxable property of the State; that is, the usual and ordinary tax which the words would be held to mean if found in a statute or other instrument."

HORTON LAW REPEAL BILL,

The Senate Codes Committee Will Give a Hearing on It To-day.

ALBANY, Feb. 21.-To-morrow the Senate Codes Committee will give a hearing on Assemblyman Lewis's bill to repeal the to be able to keep the measure in committee. but an effort will be made to amend it, as but an effort win be made to amend it, as announced in The Sun some time ago. The opponents of the bill may endeavor to get an amendment inserted which will provide for exhibitions limited to six or ten rounds. Another amendment that will be proposed will another amendment that will be proposed will have the sanction of the Amateur Athletic Union, in whose interests it will be presented. This amendment will be to the effect that sparring exhibitions by amateurs may be held in public. This is desired by the A. A. U., for if the florton law is repealed it will not be able to he Horton lawis repeated to the not be use to old its annual boxing championships. James . Sullivan, President of the Metropolitan Dis-riet of the Amateur Athletic Union, is sup-

A Red Letter Day is the 22d of February,

ASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY—and it is right and just that it is so. Since the day when Washington first saw the light what a number of red letter days brighten the calendar of the years. Hundreds of inventions and dis-

coveries now annihilate space, lighten toil, deaden pain and lengthen life. Among the great discoveries of the nineteenth certury none stand out more prominent than that of Warner's Safe Cure, a vegetable preparation for the cure of that terribly insidious disease - Bright's disease of the kidneys. The disease was first named by Dr. Bright of England. It had been known previous to his time as dropsy, and death certificates were given, and are given to-day, by reputable physicians, for dropsy, heart disease, heart failure, convulsions, etc., instead of Bright's disease.

Dropsy, heart failure, convulsions, etc., are but symptoms of Bright's disease, a disease before which physicians stancl aghast.

Bright's disease and consumption do not kill at once. There are first, second and third stages. The time to treat these terrible diseases is at their inception. Bright's disease is consumption of the kidneys and no man or woman can live without kidneys any more than they can without lungs.

The kidneys have few nerves of sensation, hence Bright's disease cannot be detected except by its symptoms or a microscopical examination of the fluids of the body. & Prominent among the symptoms are fickle appetite, failure of eyesight, nervousness, frequent desire to pass fluids, constipation, chronic rheumatic pains, gradual failure of strength, paller of face, swelling of the ankles, shortness of breath, chills, fever, scanty, high colored fluids, etc. A person may not have all of the symptoms, but one of them continued for any length of time is a warning that the kidneys are not doing the work nature intended them to do and that the body through that failure is surely becoming poisoned by the deadly acids which ought to be eliminated.

Warner's Safe Cure is a specific for kidney disease when taken in time and according to directions. It will not work miracles but it will do all that human agency can accomplish.

It is the part of wisdom to get rid of kidney disease and to begin to-day.

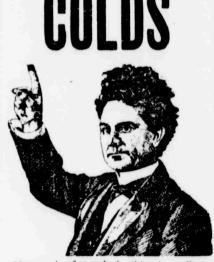
Artist-Artisan Institute of This City.

A fancy dress ball will be given on Shrove Tuesday, March 27, under the direction of the National Arts Society, an organization which artists and art amateurs of the nation. The ball is to be in aid of the teachers' fund of the Artist-Artisan Institute, a school of art founded by John Ward Stimson. At present the school is in need of teachers to educate its pupils in the different departments of the applied arts. The entertainment will take place at the Old Sawmill, now the Gibson Decorative Studios, at 142 East Thirty-third street. The subscription tickets are \$5, and checks should be sent to F. G. Colby, the National Arts Club, 37 West Thirty-fourth street. The committee in charge of the ball is composed of Horace J. Fairchild, Mrs. Lewis Livingston Delafield and Mr. Colby. The list of patronesses is a long one, and includes the names of many women prominent in New York's artistic and social life. ball is to be in aid of the teachers' fund of the

TO MOVE BICYCLE COPS UPTOWN. Chief Devery Sees Little Use for Then

South of Fifty-ninth Street. Chief Devery has recommended to the Police Board that bleyele policemen be taken from all beats south of Fifty-ninth street and assigned to new ones in the upper section of the city. Complaints of reckless driving on upper Broadway. West End avenue and Riverside Drive have become frequent, and the Chief thinks there is little need of bicycle policemen below Fifty-ninth street.

Rear Admiral Smith Lectures in Brooklyn Rear Admiral J. A. Smith, U. S. N., retired, delivered a lecture on "The Cruise of the Kearsarge," in Unity Church, Brooklyn, last evening. He advocated a most liberal support of the Navy, which meant peace, he said, with



Thousands of people in this city suffering with colds are about to-day. To-morrow they may be prostrated with Grip or Pneumonia.

If you have the Rheumatism try Munyon's Rheumatism Cure: if you have byspepsia try his Dyspepsia Cure; if you have any Kidney trouble try his Kidney Cure. Munyon has a specific remedy for most every disease, mostly 25 cts. Munyon's Inhaler cures Catarth, Grippe, Bronchitis, etc. Price \$1.00. Munyon's Doctors are Free-907 Broadway.

DEMAND A CUBAN BISHOP.

SBARRETTI WILL NOT BE WELCOMED AT HAVANA.

Threats of a Hostile Demonstration When He Arrives There on Saturday-Pro-tests to President McKinley and the Pope-Pinar del Rio's Big Tobacco Crop. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. HAVANA, Feb. 21.-The appoundement that

Mgr. Sharretti, the newly-appointed Bishop of Havana, will arrive here on Saturday has revived the opposition against him. Protests have been made in the newspapers, and circulars opposing the appointment have been scattered throughout the city. A meeting of prominent Cubans was held

last night at which Salvador E. Cisneros, first President of the Cuban revolutionary government, presided. Resolutions were adopted protesting against the appointment of Mgr. Sbarretti, and a committee was selected to protest to Governor General Wood and to cable to the Pope and President McKinley explaining the Cuban attitude.

Threats are made that unless a Cuban Bishop is appointed Cuba will break away from Rome and establish a church of her own. Gen Maximo Gomez, while not present at the meeting, is thoroughly in sympathy with its object. A letter from him was read at the meeting commending the movement against Mgr

The most radical of Mgr. Sbarretti's opponents are talking of organizing a demonstration against him on the day he lands. These people have been so long accustomed to the union of Church and State that they do not see any reason why Gen. Wood should not interfere in the matter. It is needless to say that he will not interfere. Civil Governor Nunez | McLean had been drinking with the woman. has heard the threats, and says he will not give but she left him and was going out of the a permit for a demonstration. However, if an unorganized crowd attempts a demonstration at the wharf the police will stop it, but the harm | he shot Mitchell after ordering him to fall on will then be done.

The tobacco crop in Pinar del Rio is said to be a record breaker both in quantity and quality. It was harvested under great difficulties, the scarcity of labor being a serious factor. the condition of the roads delays shipment. Much of the tobacco is being carried along the main highways to the railroads on men's

Many complaints have been made concerning the frightful condition of the country roads. Senor Villalon, Secretary of Public Works, admits that the complaints are well founded, but save that nothing can be done in time to facilitate the handling of this year's crops. He hopes that next year the conditions will be materially bettered.

\$18,000 FOR MRS. HICKMAN. Third Trial of Her Trolley Accident Suit

vesterday awarded Mrs. Johanna Hickman a

Results in a Big Verdict. A jury in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn

verdict of \$18,000 in her suit against the Nassau Railroad Company for personal injuries received in a trolley accident on July 21, 1806 Horton law. The opposition does not expect Don't trifle with a cold. Either take my Cold Witnesses testified that she was struck by the Cure or call in a competent physician. I can't say what your doctor will do for you; but I do know that my Cold Cure will speedily break up all forms of colds and prevent Grip. It checks discharges of the Nose and Eyes, stops sneezing, promptly relieves the Throat and Langs, allays Inflammation and Fever, and tones up the system.—MUNYON.

Price 25c. at any Drug Store.

Witnesses testified that she was struck by the car and thrown twenty feet, and physicians swore that she had since been suffering from heavy that they had since been suffering from the was the third trial of the case. The platniff got a verdict for \$8,000 on the first trial. The judgment was reversed by the Appellate Division and a new trial ordered. On the socond trial the complaint was dismissed by Justice Garretson. The Appellate Division reversed the order and a third trial followed.

Thomas Hickman, husband of the plaintiff, sned for the loss of his wife's services and got a verdict for \$1,500, which the Appellate Division sustained.

New Unitarian Church in Brooklyn. A new Unitarian congregation, to be known as the Fourth Unitarian Church of Brooklyn has been organized in the Flatbush district.
These are the trustees: W. A. Stedman, C. H.
Burdette, F. A. Holmes, W. H. Beardsley, C. P.
Browning and Dr. Florence Leigh Jones.

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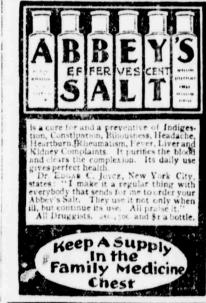
M'LEAN'S VICTIM DEAD.

Police Think Two of His Friends Planned to Avenge His Murder.

John Mitchell died yesterday at the Brooklyn hospital from the pistol shot wound inflicted by Samuel McLean during a row between them over a woman in James McLaughlin's saloon at 28 Johnson street, on Monday morning. saloon, when Mitchell, who was just entering. invited her back. This enraged McLean and his knees. The killing, the police say, was both

his knees. The kinng, the police say, was point deliberate and cowardly. McLean had been out of jail only a couple of days. He has a bad record.

Two strange men, supposed to be friends of Mitchell, followed close behind McLean and the detectives, who had him in charge, on the wafrom the Adams street court to Police Headquarters yesterday morning, and from their movements it was surmised, that they intended to fire at him, one of them having been heard to fire at him, one of them having been heard to compare the country. He are the country to the country of the country



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